- (7) Elimination of barriers to, and facilitation of, the integrated manufacture of commercial items and items being produced under DoD contracts.
- (8) Expanded use of commercial items, commercial items with modifications, or to the extent commercial items are not available, nondevelopmental items (see FAR part 10).
  - (B) Industrial preparedness (IP).
- (1) Provide the program's IP strategy that assesses the capability of the U.S. industrial base to achieve identified surge and mobilization goals. If no IP strategy has been developed, provide supporting rationale for this position.
- (2) If in the IP strategy, the development of a detailed IP plan was determined to be applicable, include the plan by text or by reference. If the development of the IP plan was determined not to be applicable, summarize the details of the analysis forming the basis of this decision.
- (3) If the program involves peacetime and wartime hardware configurations which are supported by logistics support plans, identify their impact on the IP plan.
- (C) Ensure compliance with DoDD 4210.15, Hazardous Material Pollution Prevention
- (D) *Contract administration*. Discuss the level of Government administration anticipated or currently performed and any change proposed by the contract administration office.

[56 FR 36305, July 31, 1991, as amended at 58 FR 28463, May 13, 1993; 58 FR 32061, June 8, 1993; 60 FR 29497, June 5, 1995; 60 FR 61593, Nov. 30, 1995; 61 FR 50451, Sept. 26, 1996; 64 FR 51075, Sept. 21, 1999]

## 207.106 Additional requirements for major systems.

- (b)(1)(A) The contracting officer is prohibited by 10 U.S.C. 2305(d)(4)(A) from requiring offers for development or production of major systems that would enable the Government to use technical data to competitively reprocure identical items or components of the system if the item or component were developed exclusively at private expense, unless the contracting officer determines that—
- (1) The original supplier of the item or component will be unable to satisfy

- program schedule or delivery requirements:
- (2) Proposals by the original supplier of the item or component to meet mobilization requirements are insufficient to meet the agency's mobilization needs: or
- (3) The Government is otherwise entitled to unlimited rights in technical data.
- (B) If the contracting officer makes a determination, under paragraphs (b)(1)(A) (I) and (I) of this section, for a competitive solicitation, 10 U.S.C. 2305(d)(4)(B) requires that the evaluation of items developed at private expense be based on an analysis of the total value, in terms of innovative design, life-cycle costs, and other pertinent factors, of incorporating such items in the system.

## Subpart 207.4—Equipment Lease or Purchase

## 207.401 Acquisition considerations.

If the equipment will be leased for more than 60 days, the requiring activity must prepare and provide the contracting officer with the justification supporting the decision to lease or purchase.

## 207.470 Statutory requirements.

- (a) Limitation on contracts with terms of 18 months or more. As required by 10 U.S.C. 2401a, the contracting officer shall not enter into any contract for any vessel, aircraft, or vehicle, through a lease, charter, or similar agreement with a term of 18 months or more, or extend or renew any such contract for a term of 18 months or more, unless the head of the contracting activity has—
- (1) Considered all costs of such a contract (including estimated termination liability); and
- (2) Determined in writing that the contract is in the best interest of the Government.
- (b) Leasing of commercial vehicles and associated equipment. Except as provided in paragraph (a) of this section, the contracting officer may use leasing in the acquisition of commercial vehicles and associated equipment whenever the contracting officer determines